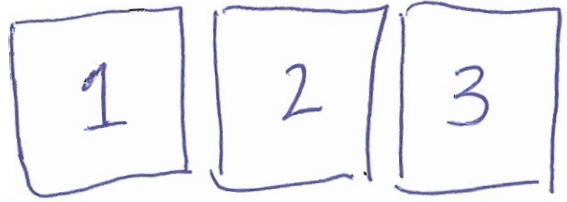


# MONTE HALL PROBLEM

◦ 3 DOORS.



◦ PRIZE BEHIND ONE DOOR

◦ CONTESTANT PICKS DOOR, MONTE OPENS ANOTHER DOOR WITH NO PRIZE, CONTESTANT CAN STICK WITH INITIAL CHOICE OR SWITCH DOORS.

→ SHOULD THE CONTESTANT STICK OR SWITCH?

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◦ SUPPOSE, WLOG, CONTESTANT PICKS DOOR 1.

◦ LET  $A_i$  BE THE EVENT THAT THE PRIZE IS BEHIND DOOR  $i$ .

◦ LET  $B_i$  BE THE EVENT THAT MONTE OPENS DOOR  $i$ .

So

$$\begin{aligned} \Pr(B_2) &= \underbrace{\Pr(B_2|A_1)}_{1/2} \cdot \underbrace{\Pr(A_1)}_{1/3} + \underbrace{\Pr(B_2|A_2)}_0 \cdot \underbrace{\Pr(A_2)}_{1/3} + \underbrace{\Pr(B_2|A_3)}_1 \cdot \underbrace{\Pr(A_3)}_{1/3} \\ &= \frac{1}{6} + 0 + \frac{1}{3} = \frac{1}{2} \end{aligned}$$

$$[\Pr(B_3) = \frac{1}{2} \text{ by Symmetry}]$$

So, Suppose  $B_2$ :

$$\Pr(A_1|B_2) = \frac{\Pr(B_2|A_1) \cdot \Pr(A_1)}{\Pr(B_2)} = \frac{\frac{1}{2} \cdot \frac{1}{3}}{\frac{1}{2}} = \frac{1}{3}$$

$$\Pr(A_2|B_2) = \frac{\Pr(B_2|A_2) \cdot \Pr(A_2)}{\Pr(B_2)} = \frac{0 \cdot \frac{1}{3}}{\frac{1}{2}} = 0$$

$$\Pr(A_3|B_2) = \frac{\Pr(B_2|A_3) \cdot \Pr(A_3)}{\Pr(B_2)} = \frac{1 \cdot \frac{1}{3}}{\frac{1}{2}} = \frac{2}{3}$$

So the contestant wins with probability  $\frac{1}{3}$  by  
sticking and wins with probability  $\frac{2}{3}$  by switching.